1.0 Guidance

Overview

The Better Care Fund (BCF) requirements for capacity and demand plans are set out in the BCF Planning Requirements document for 2022-23, which supports the aims of the BCF Policy Framework and the BCF programme. The programme is jointly led and developed by the national partners Department of Health (DHSC), Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities, NHS England (NHSE), Local Government Association (LGA), working with the Association of Directors of Adult Social Services (ADASS).

Appendix 4 of the Planning Requirements sets out guidance on how to develop Capacity and Demand Plans,

This template has been designed to collect information on expected capacity and demand for intermediate care. These plans should be agreed between Local Authority and Integrated Care Board partners and signed

The template is split into three main sections.

Demand - used to enter the expected demand for short term, intermediate care services in the local authority (HWB) area from all referral sources from October 2022-March 2023. There are two worksheets to

- Sheet 3.1 Hospital discharge expected numbers of discharge requiring support, by Trust.
- Sheet 3.2 Community referrals (e.g. from Single points of Access, social work teams etc)

Intermediate care capacity - this is also split into two sheets (4.1 Capacity - Discharge and 4.2 Capacity - community). You should enter expected monthly capacity available for intermediate care services to support discharge and referrals from community sources. This is recorded based on service type.

Data for capacity and demand should be provided on a month by month basis for the third and fourth

Spend data - this worksheet collects estimated spend across the local authority area on intermediate care for the whole year ie 2022-23. This should include all expenditure (NHS and LA funded) on intermediate care services as defined in appendix 4 of the BCF Planning Requirements.

Note on entering information into this template

Throughout the template, cells which are open for input have a yellow background and those that are prepopulated have a grey background, as below:

Data needs inputting in the cell

Pre-populated cells

Note on viewing the sheets optimally

To view each of the sheets and in particular the drop down lists clearly on screen, please change the zoom level to between 90% - 100%. Most drop downs are also available to view as lists in the relevant sheet or in

The details of each sheet in the template are outlined below.

2. Cover

- 1. The cover sheet provides essential information on the area for which the template is being completed, cont
- 2. Question completion tracks the number of questions that have been completed; when all the questions in each section of the template have been completed the cell will turn green. Only when all cells are green england.bettercarefundteam@nhs.net

(please also each copy in your respective Better Care Manager)

If you have any queries on the template then please direct these to the above email inbox or reach out via

3. Please note that in line with fair processing of personal data we request email addresses for individuals completing the reporting template in order to communicate with and resolve any issues arising during the reporting cycle. We remove these addresses from the supplied templates when they are collated and delete

3. Demand

This section requires the Health & Wellbeing Board to record expected monthly demand for supported discharge by discharge pathway (as set out in the Hospital Discharge Guidance avalable on Gov.uk)

Data can be entered for individual hospital trusts that care for inpatients from the area. Multiple Trusts can be selected from the drop down list in column F. You will then be able to enter the number of expected discharges from each trust by Pathway for each month. The template uses the pathways set out in the https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/hospital-discharge-and-community-support-guidance/hospital-

We suggest that you enter data for individual trusts where they represent 10% or more of expected discharges in the area. Where a Trust represents only a small number of discharges (less than 10%), we recommend that you amalgamate the demand from these sources under the 'Other' Trust option. The table at the top of the screen will display total expected demand for the area by discharge pathway and Estimated levels of discharge should draw on:

- Estimated numbers of discharges by pathway at ICB level from NHS plans for 2022-23
- Data from the NHSE Discharge Pathways Model.

3.2 Demand - Community

This worksheet collects expected demand for intermediate care services from community sources, such as multi-disciplinary teams, single points of access or 111. The template does not collect referrals by source, and you should input an overall estimate each month for the number of people requiring intermediate care

Further detail on definitions is provided in Appendix 4 of the Planning Requirements. This includes the NICE Guidance definition of 'intermediate care' as used for the purposes of this exercise.

4.1 Capacity - discharge

This sheet collects expected capacity for services to support people being discharged from acute hospital. You should input the expected available capacity to support discharge across these different service types:

- Voluntary or Community Sector (VCS) services
- Urgent Community Response
- Reablement or reabilitation in a person's own home
- Bed-based intermediate care (step up or step down)
- Residential care that is expected to be long-term (collected for discharge only)

Please consider the below factors in determining the capacity calculation. Typically this will be (Caseload*days in month*max occupancy percentage)/average duration of service or length of stay Caseload (No. of people who can be looked after at any given time)

Average stay (days) - The average length of time that a service is provided to people, or average length of Please consider using median or mode for LoS where there are significant outliers

Peak Occupancy (percentage) - What was the highest level of occupany expressed as a percentage? This will usually apply to residential units, rather than care in a person's own home. For services in a person's own home then this would need to take into account how many people, on average, that can be provided with

4.2 Capacity - community

This sheet collects expected capacity for intermediate care services where a person has been referred from a community source. You should input the expected available capacity across the different service types.

You should include expected available capacity across these service types for eligible referrals from community sources. This should cover all service intermediate care services to support recovery, including Urgent Community Response and VCS support. The template is split into 5 types of service:

- VCS services to support someone to remain at home
- Urgent Community Response (2 hr response)

- Reablement or rehabilitation in a person's own home
- Bed-based intermediate care (step up)

5.0 Spend

This sheet collects top line spend figures on intermediate care which includes:

- Overall spend on intermediate care services using the definitions in the planning requirements (BCF and non-BCF) for the whole of 2022-23
- Spend on intermediate care services in the BCF (including additional contributions).

These figures can be estimates, and should cover spend across the Health and Wellbeing Board (HWB). The figures do not need to be broken down in this template beyond these two categories.





2.0 Cover

Version 1.0

Health and Wellbeing Board:	West Berkshire
Completed by:	Maria Shepherd
E-mail:	maria.shepherd@westberks.gov.uk
Contact number:	01635 519782
Has this report been signed off by (or on behalf of) the HWB at the time of submission?	Yes
If no, please indicate when the report is expected to be signed off:	Thu 08/12/2022
Please indicate who is signing off the report for submission on behalf of the	HWB (delegated authority is also accepted):
Job Title:	Councillor and Chairman of HWB
Name:	Graham Bridgman
How could this template be improved?	There needs to be more room for assumptions. The LA does monitor demand and capacity within Residential and Nursing Homes and Domiciliary Care and we know from tracking this that demand is outstripping capacity within the Domicilary

Question Completion - Once all information has been entered please send the template to england.bettercarefundteam@nhs.net saving the file as 'Name HWB' for example 'County Durham HWB'

<< Link to the Guidance sheet

^^ Link back to top



3.1 Demand - Hospital Discharge

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board: West Berkshire

3. Demand

This section requires the Health & Wellbeing Board to record expected monthly demand for supported discharge by discharge pathway.

Data can be entered for individual hospital trusts that care for inpatients from the area. Multiple Trusts can be selected from the drop down list in column F. You will then be able to enter the number of expected discharges from each trust by Pathway for each month. The template uses the pathways set out in the Hospital Discharge and community support guidance -

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/hospital-discharge-and-community-support-guidance/hospital-discharge-and-community-support-guidance

If there are any 'fringe' trusts taking less than say 10% of patient flow then please consider using the 'Other' Trust option.

The table at the top of the screen will display total expected demand for the area by discharge pathway and by month.

Estimated levels of discharge should draw on:

- Estimated numbers of discharges by pathway at ICB level from NHS plans for 2022-23
- Data from the NHSE Discharge Pathways Model.

Totals Summary (autopopulated)	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23
0: Low level support for simple hospital discharges - e.g. Voluntary or Community Sector support - (D2A Pathway 0)	628	607	628	628	567	628
1: Reablement in a persons own home to support discharge (D2A Pathway 1)	126.25	143.25	137.25	138.25	130.25	117.25
2: Step down beds (D2A pathway 2)	56	32	38	32	25	34
3: Discharge from hospital (with reablement) to long term residential care (Discharge	25.25	24.25	20.25	22.25	28.25	25.25
to assess pathway 3)						

Any assumptions made:	Please note in West Berkshire we work with three acute trusts and one community
	Hospital. The figures included in this template only include Hospital Discharges from the
	Royal Berkshire Hospital and the Community Hospital (BHFT). The Activity from North
	Hants and Great Western Hospital accounts for a further 27% of hospital discharges on
	either PW1 or PW3 which our current capacity also has to meet.

!!Click on the filter box below to select Trust first!!	Demand - Discharge						
Trust Referral Source (Select							
as many as you need)	Pathway	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23
ROYAL BERKSHIRE NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	0: Low level support for simple hospital discharges - e.g. Voluntary or Community	628	607	628	628	567	628
ROYAL BERKSHIRE NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	1: Reablement in a persons own home to support discharge (D2A Pathway 1)	74	91	85	86	78	65
ROYAL BERKSHIRE NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	2: Step down beds (D2A pathway 2)	28	32	38	32	25	34
ROYAL BERKSHIRE NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	3: Discharge from hospital (with reablement) to long term residential care (Discharge	20	19	15	17	23	20

3.0 Demand - Community

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:	West Berkshire

3.2 Demand - Community

This worksheet collects expected demand for intermediate care services from community sources, such as multi-disciplinary teams, single points of access or 111.

The template does not collect referrals by source, and you should input an overall estimate each month for the number of people requiring intermediate care (non-discharge) each month, split by different type of intermediate care.

Further detail on definitions is provided in Appendix 4 of the Planning Requirements. This includes the NICE Guidance definition of 'intermediate care' as used for the purposes of this exercise.

Any assumptions made:	Demand for voluntary and community sector services is unknown for both hospital
	discharge and admisison avoidance and requires much further
	investigation as to how we gather this information from our partners in the voluntary sector
	- given the tight timescales this has not been possible. Our partners in BHFT are currently
	reporting that we do not have any bed based intermediate care in West Berkshire.

Demand - Intermediate Care			ı			
Service Type	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23
Voluntary or Community Sector Services						
Urgent community response	86	86	86	96	96	96
Reablement/support someone to remain at home	97	127	91	110	88	85
Bed based intermediate care (Step up)						

4.0 Capacity - Discharge

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board: West Berkshire

4.1 Capacity - discharge

This sheet collects expected capacity for services to support people being discharged from acute hospital. You should input the expected available capacity to support discharge across these different service types:

- Voluntary or Community Sector (VCS) services
- Urgent Community Response
- Reablement or reabilitation in a person's own home
- Bed-based intermediate care (step down)
- Residential care that is expected to be long-term (collected for discharge only)

Please consider the below factors in determining the capacity calculation. Typically this will be (Caseload*days in month*max occupancy percentage)/average duration of service or length of stay

Caseload (No. of people who can be looked after at any given time)

Average stay (days) - The average length of time that a service is provided to people, or average length of stay in a bedded facility

Please consider using median or mode for LoS where there are significant outliers

Peak Occupancy (percentage) - What was the highest levels of occupany expressed as a percentage? This will usually apply to residential units, rather than care in a person's own home. For services in a person's own home then this would need to take into account how many people, on average, that can be provided with services.

Any assumptions made:	Demand for VCS service, PW0, PW1 and residential care is unknown and needs much further work. We know
	we are already trying to source over 305 hours of care in the Domicilary Care Market as of 7/9/22 for people in
	the community and hospital discharge - this is a model we set up last year in order to try and understand our
	care market.
	Rod based intermediate care (Step down - nathway 2) capacity represents numbers across Registing West. The

Capacity - Hospit	al Discharge						
Service Area	Metric	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23
VCS services to support discharge	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.						
Urgent Community Response (pathway 0)	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.						
Reablement or reabilitation in a person's own home (pathway 1)	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.						
Bed-based intermediate care (step down) (pathway 2)	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	104	104	104	104	104	104
Residential care that is expected to be long- term (discharge only)	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	25	24	20	22	28	25

4.2 Capacity - Community

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board: West Berkshire

4.2 Capacity - community

This sheet collects expected capacity for community services. You should input the expected available capacity across the different service types.

You should include expected available capacity across these service types for eligible referrals from community sources. This should cover all service intermediate care services to support recovery, including Urgent Community Response and VCS support. The template is split into 5 types of service:

- · Voluntary or Community Sector (VCS) services
- Urgent Community Response
- Reablement or rehabilitation in a person's own home
- Bed-based intermediate care (step up)

Please consider the below factors in determining the capacity calculation. Typically this will be (Caseload*days in month*max occupancy percentage)/average duration of service or length of stay

Caseload (No. of people who can be looked after at any given time)

Average stay (days) - The average length of time that a service is provided to people, or average length of stay in a bedded facility

Please consider using median or mode for LoS where there are significant outliers

Peak Occupancy (percentage) - What was the highest levels of occupany expressed as a percentage? This will usually apply to residential units, rather than care in a person's own home. For services in a person's own home then this would need to take into account how many people, on average, that can be provided with services.

Any assumptions made:	Demand for VCS or community Sector services is unknown.

Capacity - Community							
Service Area	Metric	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23
Voluntary or Community Sector Services	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.						
Urgent Community Response	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	89	89	89	89	89	89
Reablement or rehabilitation in a person's own home	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	80.67	80.67	80.67	80.67	80.67	80.67
Bed based intermediate care (step up)	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	0	0	0	0	0	0

5.0 Spend

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:

West Berkshire

5.0 Spend

This sheet collects top line spend figures on intermediate care which includes:

- Overall spend on intermediate care services (BCF and non-BCF) for the whole of 2022-23
- Spend on intermediate care services in the BCF (including additional contributions).

These figures can be estimates, and should cover spend across the Health and Wellbeing Board (HWB). The figures do not need to be broken down in this template beyond these two categories.

Reading and Wokingham) jointly fund this contract through

Spend on Intermediate Care

Overall Spend (BCF & Non BCF)	2022-23 £4,097,000	
BCF related spend	£3,389,000	
Comments if applicable		Intermediate Care Services are commissioned by the former CCG through one provider - BHFT. BHFT provide these services across Berkshire West each Local Authority (West Berkshire,